## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCHES IN POCAHOLITAS

The Protestant Spiscopal church is the oldest church in America having been brought here by the first unglish colony et Jemestorn, but it 'as not brought into Pocchontes county a til eroud 1866. so far at is summe, the first services of the Spiscopal Church, were held in Pocahontas county, by the Rev. R. A. Mason, who came from the Warm Springs, Bath county Virginia in 1866. Mr. Mason came three or four times " year for several years, and held services in the home of Dr. John Ligon, Clover Lick, and also in Huntersville. After ir. Mesons removel to Union, West Virginia (1875), his services in Pocahontas were discontinued except for long intervals, and there were no regular services until Bishop Whittle sent Rev. 2. J. mall, a Descon, in 1877, when bishop Peterkin took charge of the Diocese in 1778, he found Mar. Hell resident in Levieburg, and holding services from tire to tire in Clover Lick and Hunterville. La company with mr. mell, Bishop Peterkin paid his first visit to Possbontes county in October, 1878, holding services at Hillstore and Huntersville, and at the latter place confirming one person. wince them, visitations have been made regularly and in all fourteen persons confirmed.

The Episcopal visitations made prior to the organization of the Diocese were he sishop thittle, begrenber, 1869. Engust 197.. when he confirmed one in nuntereville. In 1874 ( Grace Uberch), Enlison Perish, comprising the county of Pochhoutas

and received into u jon with the Council. In 1850 a plan was inaugerated to build a church of Clover Lick, and through the seriour interest of Mrs. John Ligon it was so carried out that on Sunlay August 21, 1892 we were able to compeners a meet and comfortable building as Emmanuel Church.

The ver ous ministers in Lewisburg held occasional services in Powenontes county, but the Mev. Dr. Lacy (1881-1885) vas especially active and interested in this work, and more lately Mev. Turner (1898-99) held regular services.

Appointments have been held at Clover Lick, Huntersville, Greenbank, Dumpre, Hillsboro, Edrey, Marlinton and Frost.

Within twenty-five miles of the Church at Clover Lick (including the English residents at Mingo) there may be now (1900) residing about twenty communicants. So far we have found great difficulty in organizing this scattered band, and in providing them with any regular service. The completion of the railroad rating the Greenbrier River connecting Clover Lick with Elkius on the one hand and doncevert on the other, will naterially lessen these difficulties in the juture.

The following entlemen have noted as vestoymen; Col. Jemes T. Lockridge, Dr. John Migon, James L. Lavry, James L. marvich, and Dr. C. P. Dr. an.

May. Turner took charge of Gre abrier Parish in the fell of leu7, and for some time, presided regularly in Pocehoutes county on one sunday in each mouth.

In 1901, Rev. Gu; H. Proph, resiling in Levisburg, 128 so alsioned by the bishop to carry on the work in this count; the it is hoped that now the railroad has made communication. mede.

design, that more may be done in bailding up our church.

Marlinton is a promising missionary point where we have six or

sight members. A site has been selected for a church and

cight members. A site has been selected for a church and

cight members. A site has been selected for a church and

cight members. A site has been further progress has been

occurrenal services held, but no further progress has been

At clover bick is the only church building ve have in the county. The neighborhood derives additional importance from the establishment of a large lumber plant near the Depot. This will eventually become quite a little town.

suntersville has reneibly declined in the last few years owing to the removal of the court house to Marlinton.

At millsboro, or Academy as it is often called, we have an occasional service. At one time we had four communicants there, but now (1891) only one.

And from a letter of Bishop Feterkin relating his visitation to Pocshoutes:

My annual visit to Pocuhontes county was made the lest reck in August. On Asturiay, the 30th, in company with Dr. Lacy I know from the reliroad to millsboro, a distance of about fort; miles, aving services that night. A young man who was traveling through the county in the interest of some beltimore house, met us at Francfordend tried to dissuede us from venturing further into the interior, but when he come to know something of our former experiences, and especially that I had unapplied through the count; in 1661, he concluded that we know more than the did.

on sunday, August 31st, we had services both in Hillstore and Austersville, the distance between them being eighteen miles. In Huntersville we hope soon to have a lot, and then to go on to the erection of a church. On Manday we had services at Clover Lick in Dr. John Ligon's house, eighteen miles from Huntersville and on Tuesday at the school house about three miles higher up the mountain, where I confirmes two. At Clover Lick se have a besutiful lot for a church and we trust the next year to see it built.

ther night we pushed on to Hillsboro, on our return, a distance of about tranty-five miles, and the next day, Sept. 3rd. Br. Lacy having left me to attend a wedding, I drove on thirty-seven miles, to Mr. Churches where I spent the night. Most of our trip thus far described was rendered notable by our most reasonable anxiety in regard to our burgy, which after all the patching our skill could device for it, still threatened to break utterly down. A judicious exchange on this last day relieved me of further anxiety."

by bunday September 7th he had re ched Hinton.

On two maps in this book it shows that in 1880 the population of the county was about one clarge in charge and ten communicants, who are supposed to be about one-half the number of baptized persons and shout one-third of those who affiliate with the church, with about 15 clergy serving all West Virginia, Pocahontas, Greenbrier and Monroe being served by one clarge. In 1900 the population was 8572 with one clergy and fourteen communicants who were supposed to be thout one-half of the number of baptized persons and one-third of those affiliated with the shurch.

ONE MARON FOR THE SLOW OR MAR IN THE BPISCOPAL CHURCH

Those who moved into the county were not spiseopalians, for it is well known that the Germans and Scotch-Irish took possession of it at an early period, and that the spiccopal church did not have an existance, there until a very late period. Those who shighered from Eastern virginia were chiefly of that class who had deserted the Episcopal church and had been emaged in a violent hostility to it, and carried it with them, and transmitted at to their children, nothing but prejudice against it; which prejudice has been cherished ever since by their religious teachers. But even if such prejudice had not been, so many generations have grown up in utter ignorance of our church that in the great boil of the people of Pocahontes there has been no tendency to it, but the reverse. That the services of our church is most admirably adapted to the edification of the poor and laboring man, I firmly believe, and often delight to confirm, but the difficulties in the vey of such to make a trial of it are so great, by reason of their partiality to other denominations and various other circumstances, that hitherto all the efforts to induce them to to do so, whether in Virginia or elsewhere, have been of little avail. While it is our duty still to do our part in preaching to the poor, we must not make amguine calculations of success, or slopt expensive plans, founded on the certainty of such calculation. Bed we an abundance of realous and laborious ministers, and a fund for their support, neither of Thich "e have, or are likel; to have for a long time to core, so that we might serve the pour gratuitously, there are doubtless

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many places there we might do good to souls, by going among the highways and hedges as the itinerants of the Methodist communion, who are comfortably supported out of a common fund.

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The Diocese of Virginia was divided in 1877 and the new \$

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All of this material was taken from-

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